

## Tazewell Republican.

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TAEWELL REPUBLICAN.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1912.

### THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

At the close of the most tumultuous  
national convention in its history the  
republicans on last Saturday night  
renominated William Howard Taft for  
President and James Schurz for Vice-  
President. There was talk of a bolt, in fact, some effort to  
bolt on the part of the disgruntled, but  
this *per se* will amount to little. Bolts  
have never much affected the course of  
the republican party. Take the bolts of  
1872 and 1896 within their ranks and, it  
will be remembered, the only effect was  
to send the bolters to political retire-  
ment or into the ranks of the democrats  
where they were without welcome, pres-  
tige or influence. Unless, then, other  
things intervene the bolt will amount to  
little.

The democrats are in convention this  
week in Baltimore that promises to be  
as hard fought as was the one in Chi-  
cago. At this writing no one can fore-  
see the result. If however they nomi-  
nate a progressive the probabilities are  
that the progressives of the country  
will line up with the democrats and the  
conservatives with the republicans. As  
the party set more lightly upon the  
progressives this will give the democ-  
rats a slight advantage but whether  
enough to overcome the republican ma-  
jorities of four years ago is problem-  
atic.

Again, if the democrats nominate a  
conservative, the progressives of both  
parties may form a third party and the  
outcome in this case will be beyond sur-  
mise.

Before the issues are fully made up  
let us then, for a moment, put aside  
personal preference and political bias  
and consider, as impartially as our per-  
sonal equation will allow, what is best  
for this section in the coming conflict.

In practice, politics is a matter of sec-  
tional selfishness, and while this may  
not be a broad view of it, it is a fact.  
The south is just entering into the en-  
joyment of an unexampled period of  
prosperity and it behooves us to be  
careful in our line-up at this time and  
to do nothing that will interfere with  
this rising tide of prosperity. As a  
broad general principle, the policy of  
protection is essential to the develop-  
ment of southern industries, and all  
other questions are secondary to this  
important end. It therefore behooves  
this section to stand firm for protection.  
And until both the predominant parties  
are before the people with their candi-  
dates and platforms and the question of  
a third party with following enough to  
be a figure in the campaign, is settled,  
it is well for this section to move slowly  
and weigh well the facts before com-  
mitting themselves to definite action,  
bearing in mind however, the party that  
offers full protection to our growing in-  
dustries will be the best for the south.

### VALUE OF SMALL CITIES.

Many people have an idea that a vil-  
lage or small city is nothing but a cen-  
ter to which farmers may go to buy a  
few groceries and other goods and then  
hurry home.

That is an imperfect and one-sided  
view to take. That such a place is a  
business center for the surrounding  
country is true, but it does not cover  
the whole ground. As a matter of fact  
that village or town of a few hundred  
or few thousand people has many ad-  
vantages which larger places do not  
have.

The village is a social and religious  
center to a degree that a large city can-  
not possibly be. In it there is a large  
amount of sociability; people meet not  
as strangers or mere acquaintances but  
as friends and neighbors. Therefore  
the naturalness and joy unconfined of  
its social functions is in refreshing con-  
trast to the artificiality and restraint so  
frequently seen in city life.

What is true socially is also true mor-  
ally. Doubtless the moral atmosphere

of any place might well be improved,  
but there is no disputing the fact that  
the moral tone of the small city is purer  
than that of the large centers of popu-  
lation, and that the temptations before  
young people are correspondingly less.

Again, the rural constituency is a  
place of homes and not of flats and  
boarding houses. In this fact lies one  
chief reason for the purer moral atmos-  
phere, for whereas homes conserve  
morality, flats and hotel life have a ten-  
dency to weaken it.

In all these things the value of the  
village and small city as being some-  
thing more than a kind of trading point  
must be admitted. It is therefore the  
duty of every citizen of the place to  
earnestly further its best interests in  
every just way.

The Richmond Virginian designates  
"the peerless one" as "Brayn" in a  
headline in its issue of the 24th—a fit-  
ting name for the leader of a party  
whose emblem is the donkey.

As a rule national conventions require  
about three days. Lincoln was nomi-  
nated at Chicago in 1860; Grant in the  
same city in 1868; Hayes at Cincinnati  
in 1876. McKinley in Philadelphia in  
1900 and Roosevelt at Chicago in 1904 in  
conventions which lasted but three days.  
The second Grant convention in 1872 at  
Philadelphia was in session only two  
days. The Blaine convention of 1884  
and the Taft convention of 1908, both at  
Chicago, continued four days. This  
makes the convention held in Chicago  
last week notable as being the longest  
ever held by the republican party, it  
being in session five days.

### Notice to Contractors.

Tazewell, Va., June 26, 1912.  
Bids will be received by the Board of  
Supervisors of Tazewell county, at the  
Clerk's Office at Tazewell, Va., until 12  
o'clock noon, July 9th, for constructing  
about 10.70 miles of county highway  
as follows:

#### SECTION 2.

Ward's Cove Section—Beginning near  
Reese T. Bowen's, 7.07 miles.

#### SECTION 5.

Finegate Road from Maiden Spring  
District line west, 3.63 miles.  
Plans and specifications may be seen at  
the County Engineer's Office at Taze-  
well, Va. Bids on the above two sec-  
tions must be accompanied by certified  
check for \$500.00 as a guarantee of the  
acceptance and performance of contract  
by party to whom it may be awarded,  
and failure to execute such contract  
will forfeit said check.

The successful bidder will be required  
to give bond in the amount of 33 1/3 per-  
cent of face of contract. The right is  
reserved to reject any and all bids.  
Board of Supervisors of Tazewell  
County, D. B. DANIELS, Chairman.

### Man Coughs and Breaks Ribs.

After a frightful coughing spell a man  
in Neenah, Wis., felt terrible pains in  
his side and his doctor found two ribs  
had been broken. What agony Dr.  
King's New Discovery would have saved  
him. A few teaspoonfuls ends a late  
cough, cures colds, cures asthma, cures  
heals weak, sore lungs. "I feel as if  
a God sent to humanity," writes Mrs.  
Ethel Morton, Columbia, Mo., "for I  
believe I would have consumed to-day  
if I had not used this great remedy."  
It's guaranteed to satisfy, and you can  
get a free trial bottle or 50-cent or \$1.00  
size at all dealers.

### STATEMENT

Of the Financial Condition of the Mer-  
chants and Farmers Bank, Inc., located  
at Richlands, in the county of  
Tazewell, State of Virginia, at the  
close of business, June 14th, 1912,  
made to the State Corporation Com-  
mission.

#### RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	\$ 81,000.84
Overdrafts, secured	250.00
Unsecured	250.00
Bonds, Securities, etc., including prem- ium on same	420.00
Due from National Banks	17,621.85
Paper currency	6,803.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	71.15
Gold coin	69.00
Silver coin	118.70
Total	\$106,567.25

#### LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	\$ 25,000.00
Undivided Profits, less amount paid for interest, expenses and taxes	6,119.06
Individual Deposits subject to check	64,759.12
Time Certificates of Deposit	10,699.29
Cashier's Checks outstanding	136.06
Exchanges	22.70
Total	\$106,567.25

I, C. B. Orr, do solemnly swear that the above  
is a true statement of the financial condition of  
the Merchants and Farmers Bank, Inc., located at  
Richlands, in the county of Tazewell, State of  
Virginia, at the close of business on the 14th day  
of June, 1912, to the best of my knowledge  
and belief.

C. B. ORR, Cashier.

W. R. Williams, Directors.

M. E. McVickie, Directors.

C. B. Orr, Directors.

State of Virginia, County of Tazewell,  
Sworn to and subscribed before me by C. B.  
Orr, Cashier, this 26th day of June, 1912.

W. H. SPURRY, Notary Public.

My Commission expires Nov. 29th, 1913.

### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach  
the diseased portion of the ear. There is  
only one way to cure deafness, and that is  
by constitutional remedies. Deafness is  
caused by an inflamed condition of the  
mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube.  
When this tube is inflamed you have a  
rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and  
when it is entirely closed, deafness is the  
result, and unless the inflammation can be  
taken out and the tube restored to its  
normal condition, hearing will be de-  
stroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are  
caused by catarrh, which is nothing but  
an inflamed condition of the mucous sur-  
faces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for  
any case of deafness (caused by catarrh)  
that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh  
Cure. Send for circulars, free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-  
tion.



## POULTRY

WINTER CARE OF CHICKENS

Breeders and Promising Pullets Sep-  
arated From Utility Stock—Warm  
Meal Fed at Noon.

November 1 finds me busy looking  
to my houses, the window sashes, etc.,  
spreading dry earth in the pens, so  
that my pets may be comfortable dur-  
ing the winter. By this time I have  
culled and arranged my stock for the  
winter so that I have birds of about  
the same age, together with my breed-  
ers and promising pullets, separated  
from my utility stock, the cockerels,  
of course, by themselves, says a  
writer in the Orange Judd Farmer.  
The morning meal, thrown in the lit-  
ter, for the utility pullets is made up  
of wheat one ounce, oats and barley  
one-fourth ounce each. Three ounces  
of each week they are fed one ounce  
of green cut bone each, and the re-  
maining noon a mash of one-half  
chopped feed, oats and corn, and one-  
half bran at the rate of one ounce  
each, dry weight. The evening meal  
consists of one-half ounce each of  
wheat, cracked corn and barley, ex-  
cept in extreme cold weather, when  
nothing but cracked corn is fed.

Male birds and breeding pen  
females get for breakfast one-half ounce  
each of wheat, corn and oats; at noon,  
raw vegetables; at night, one-half  
ounce each of corn and oats, again  
substituting corn in very cold weather.  
These fowls get one ounce of  
green cut bone once a week, and all  
stock get raw cabbage and mangels  
every day. The ration for the utility  
stock I consider a forcing ration; in  
the two winters I have used it I have  
obtained a little more than a dozen  
eggs each during December, January  
and February. March is usually a  
banner month for eggs. The mash is  
not a good one, but is the best I can  
make of means with the short time at  
my disposal. Noon is the time I wish  
my birds to have a warm meal.

I keep down vermin by whitewash-  
ing twice a year, giving the birds road  
dust for a bath, and putting tobacco  
stems in the nests. The male birds I  
dust frequently with a good house  
powder. My plan of feeding I realize  
is not ideal, it is criticised by local  
poultrymen, but I give it, as it may  
be of use to someone else.

### MERITS OF COCHIN VARIETY

Excellent Producers of Eggs in Win-  
ter and Young Chickens Are  
Fairly Good on the Table.

Cochins have certainly the merit of  
laying well in winter, due probably to  
their profuse feathering, which pre-  
vents undue evaporation of heat.  
Young chickens are fairly good on the  
table, but when older they cannot be  
regarded as even passable in that re-  
spect. The flesh is at all times very  
yellow, and more largely developed  
on the thighs than the breast. This  
is due to the fact that Cochins are not  
flyers; they have only small wings,  
while very large ones would be need-  
ed to support such a heavy frame.  
The weight which Cochins attain is  
very good indeed. Adult cocks range  
from twelve to fifteen pounds, hens  
eight to eleven pounds, and cockerels  
and pullets two to three pounds less.  
They are very hardy, and can stand  
almost any place and soil, but they do  
best on short, level grass, for the foot  
feather is broken and spoiled when  
on long grass or rough ground.  
The partridge Cochins possess a  
great variety and brilliancy of color,



Partridge Cochin.

the admixture in parts of glossy metal-  
lic black, rich dark red, bay and  
orange giving a very striking effect.  
The breast, coverts, wing butt, under-  
parts, tail and leg feathers are black,  
and the saddle and hackle golden red  
or orange. This refers to cocks, and  
the hens are equally effective, as the  
light brown plumage is distinctly pen-  
cilled with a darker shade.

Feeding for Result.  
In feeding the hen we must use our  
best judgment to a certain extent. If  
we are to feed for the egg production,  
we must give those foods necessary to  
make those elements which go to  
make up the egg as well as those that  
will keep up the hen in the best condi-  
tion for that purpose.

Introducing New Breeds.  
In introducing a new breed, the origi-  
nators quite frequently advertise the  
"purity" of the flesh, as though it  
was peculiar to that breed. The truth  
is, that this purity, or the lack of it,  
lies chiefly with the work of the cook.  
The flesh of fowls is judged by the  
flavor and tenderness, and these are  
largely in the hands of the cook.

### Order of the Eastern Star.

Tazewell Chapter will hold its regu-  
lar meetings on the second Friday in  
each month at 7 p. m. during the win-  
ter and 8 p. m. during the summer.  
Special meetings at the call of the  
Worthy Matron.

MRS. C. A. THOMPSON, W. M.  
MISS TRULA KISER, A. M.  
J. N. HARMAN, W. P.

WEDDING BOUQUETS—Made right,  
priced right, shipped right.  
FALLON, Florist,  
Roanoke, Va.



## DIET AND HEALTH HINTS

By DR. T. J. ALLEN  
Food Specialist.

### MIXING RICE AND BEANS.

"When rice and beans are  
eaten at the same meal, must  
the rice be retained in the stom-  
ach till the beans are ready to  
pass out?" a subscriber asks  
the editor of a health magazine.  
The answer, "Not necessarily,"  
is necessarily incomplete and  
unsatisfactory to one who wishes  
to know whether the mono-  
diet theory so much emphasized  
in these Hints is as important  
as it must be if the arguments  
in its support are well founded.  
The correct answer to the ques-  
tion can be definitely determined  
by eating a meal of beans and  
rice and withdrawing the con-  
tents of the stomach two hours  
afterwards, when it will be  
found that the beans and the  
rice are so well mixed that to  
separate them would be a much  
greater tax upon the stomach,  
if that were possible, than to  
retain the rice three hours in-  
stead of one, whatever the ef-  
fect of that may be. Scientific  
investigation requires reasons  
for all phenomena, but the prac-  
tical application of the monodiet  
is easily determined by experi-  
ence.

(Copyright, 1911, by Joseph B. Bowles.)



## THE KITCHEN CABINET

WE MUST live through the  
dreary winter.  
If we would value the spring;  
And the woods must be cold and silent  
Before the robins alight.  
The flowers must be buried in darkness  
Before they can bud and bloom.  
And the sweetest, warmest sunshine  
Comes after the storm and the gloom.

### NOVEL AND DAINTY SANDWICHES

Every hostess, when entertaining,  
racks her brain for something that  
will be a little different from those  
served by her friends. When pre-  
paring the sandwiches why not use fancy  
cutters instead of the squares and tri-  
angles which have been the thing so  
long? Some will say, "there is no  
much waste in using cutters." That  
is true, but those scraps need not be  
wasted, and sandwiches of this kind  
are so much more attractive, a point  
that every entertainer strives for.

The greater the variety of cutters  
you possess the more stylish will be  
your refreshments.  
The hardest part of making sand-  
wiches is in cutting the bread thin  
enough. The more wafer-like, the  
more dainty they are.

To make especially nice sandwiches,  
the crust of the bread is removed.  
The butter used for spreading sand-  
wiches should be creamed until soft  
and waxy. Nuts chopped and mixed  
with cream cheese will make most de-  
lectable sandwich filling.

When meat is used it is better to  
chop it and add the desired seasonings  
and milk or cream to make it of the  
consistency to spread.

Spanish peppers pounded to a paste  
and mixed with cream cheese is an-  
other tasty combination.

An excellent sweet sandwich is ma-  
ple sugar grated and mixed with  
chopped almonds, or marmalade or  
preserved gingered pears make a nice  
filling, chopped fine.

Figs pounded to a paste and mixed  
with a little salad dressing makes  
good sandwiches.

Preserved ginger chopped and  
thinned to spread with some of the  
sirup is another favorite with those  
who are fond of ginger.

Nellie Maxwell.

Awful.  
Bill—Now they tell us that mosquito  
netting is an ancient Greek, if not  
Egyptian, invention.  
Jill—Gee! I'd hate to hear a Greek  
mosquito, wouldn't you?

W. B. BEVILL,  
General Passenger Agent,  
Roanoke, Va.

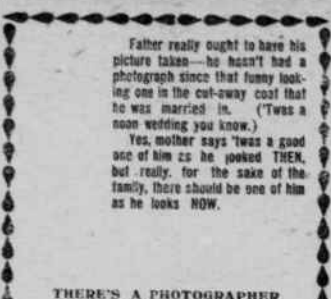


## THE BLACKSTONE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Has since 1894 given "Thorough instruction under positively Christian  
influences at the lowest possible cost."

RESULT: It is to-day with its faculty of 32, a boarding patronage of 328,  
its student body of 400, and its net worth \$140,000.

THE LEADING TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS IN VIRGINIA  
\$150 pays all charges for the year, including table board, room, lights, steam  
heat, laundry, medical attention, physical culture, and tuition in all subjects  
except music and elocution. For catalogue and application blank address,  
REV. THOS. ROSSER REEVES, B. A., Principal,  
BLACKSTONE, VA.



## BLACK'S PHOTO STUDIO.

"PHOTOS THAT PLEASE"  
Main St. Tazewell, Va.

### OLD PURITAN BIBLE BOXES

Curious Carved Chests for the Safe  
Keeping of Copies of the  
Scriptures.

Almost invariably after some great  
wave of religious enthusiasm, we are  
confronted by strange fragments of  
salvage relics of the emotional pas-  
sion and religious ardor of a departed  
hour, says the Queen. Such were the  
devotional carvings of the middle  
ages—the triptyches, the private tab-  
ernacles, the beautiful little ivory  
madonnas.

Among such memorials are the vast  
old Puritan Bible boxes. Cumbersome,  
ancient arks, into which the revised  
version of James I. was once commit-  
ted for safe ward and keeping. The  
sound oakboards with which they were  
made have resisted the tooth of time.

In the long journeys of the men of  
the Puritan period, when the scrip-  
tures were part of the daily accom-  
paniment of life, the province of these  
old boxes may readily be seen. With-  
in the home they were made to con-  
tain those ponderous family Bibles in  
which, especially during the common-  
wealth, the head of the house care-  
fully inscribed the birth, death or mar-  
riage of his children with other memo-  
rabilia of family life. This circum-  
stance in the absence of other authen-  
tic records, and the laxity of parish  
registers, has sometimes proved an in-  
valuable aid. How little we could have  
spared, for instance, that volume in  
which Milton recorded the very hour  
and minute of his children's birth.

Ash wood was sometimes used in  
the manufacture of Bible boxes, but  
oak was the most popular from its  
superior powers of resistance, for we  
must remember they were at times in  
the possession of ecclesiastical stal-  
wards, the vigor of whose preaching  
was sometimes calculated by the  
amount of damage done to the pulpit  
furniture.

Throughout the commonwealth, and  
by the general convention of 1656,  
traveling ministers were gratuitously  
supplied with Bibles, a very expensive  
item; and in struggling parishes the  
book, with its appropriate cover, often  
formed the sole effects of a new con-  
venticle. It is a curious fact that  
Bibles were sometimes subjected to  
raffling, even in those austere days.  
In 1675 one Dr. Wilde bequeathed \$250  
for the purpose of providing Bibles to  
be raffled among the poorer brethren.

### WANTED

YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN  
To prepare for positions now awaiting  
them in banks, railroad and business of-  
fices. We have more calls for office  
help than we can supply. Low summer  
rates until August 15th.  
10 MORE FREE SCHOLARSHIPS  
will be given to the first making appli-  
cation for them. The opportunity of a  
lifetime to secure a scholarship in one  
of the South's oldest, highest endorsed  
and leading Business Colleges.  
Call or write at once for information,  
SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL SCHOOL,  
Bristol and Chattanooga, Tenn.

## EXCURSION

Richmond and Norfolk  
via Norfolk and Western  
Railway July 15th.

Special train of first-class equipment  
will be operated, leaving Bluefield 7:20  
a. m., and making no stops east of  
Lynchburg. Round trip to Richmond  
\$4.50. To Norfolk \$5.00. See nearest  
Norfolk & Western Railway agent.

Returning, leave Norfolk 9:00 p. m.,  
and Richmond 10:30 p. m., Thursday,  
July 18th.

W. B. BEVILL,  
General Passenger Agent,  
Roanoke, Va.

# Wool Wool

We want your wool. Will pay  
cash or exchange you the best line  
of woolen goods made from the best  
wool in your section. Will come  
right to your home; you do not  
have to ride through the rain or  
swim the river and mud to see us.

Very truly  
**CEDAR BLUFF WOOLEN CO.,**  
CEDAR BLUFF, VIRGINIA.

## AT HALF PRICE

The best campaign offer yet. An  
excellent daily, weekly and a farm  
monthly, at half price.

Times-Star, one year, daily.	\$3.00
Tazewell Republican, one year, weekly	\$1.00
Farm Press, one year, once a month,	.50
A Beautiful Calendar.	.50
	\$5.00

### ALL FOR \$2.50

The Cincinnati Times-Star is one of the very  
best Republican papers in the country and will be  
especially valuable during the coming campaign to  
keep you in touch with events in the Middle and  
Western states.

Send your subscription today enclosing \$2.50.

**TAEWELL REPUBLICAN**  
TAEWELL, VIRGINIA

## CONDENSED SCHEDULE CAROLINA, CLINGFIELD AND OHIO RAILWAY AND CAROLINA, CLINGFIELD and OHIO RAILWAY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

THE NEW SHORT LINE BETWEEN  
Dante, St. Paul and Speer's Ferry, Va., Johnson City, Tenn., Altapass and Marion,  
N. C., and Spartanburg, S. C. "CLINGFIELD ROUTE."

EFFECTIVE MAY 12 1912.

SOUTH BOUND		EASTERN STANDARD TIME		NORTH BOUND	
NO. 5 MIXED DAILY	NO. 3 PASS. DAILY	STATIONS		NO. 2 PASS. DAILY	NO. 4 PASS. DAILY
P. M.	A. M.	Leave	Dante, Va.	Arrive	P. M.
1 10	8 00	"	St. Paul,	"	12 45
1 35	8 20	"	Dungannon,	"	12 17
2 21	8 51	"	Ft. Blackmore,	"	11 40
2 45	9 08	"	Speer's Ferry,	"	11 20
3 27	9 41	"	Cameron, Va.-Tenn.	"	10 42
3 44	9 56	"	Kingsport, Tenn.	"	10 24
3 59	10 09	"	Pactolus,	"	10 09
f 4 18	f 10 20	"	Fordtown,	"	9 55
4 40	10 32	"	Gray,	"	9 42
4 56	f 10 43	"	Johnson City	"	9 30
5 34	11 16	"	Erwin,	Leave	9 01
6 47	11 55	Leave	Erwin,	Arrive	8 17
6 54	f 12 02	"	Unaka Springs	"	8 10
f 7 08	f 12 15	"	Huntalee,	"	f 7 58
7 59	12 47	"	Green M't'n	N. C.	f 6 28
8 24	1 05	"	Toecane	"	7 12
8 46	1 21	"	Boonford	"	6 57
f 9 22	1 51	"	Sprucepine	"	6 35
f 9 50	2 13	"	Altapass	"	6 14
10 05	2 23	Arrive	Altapass	Leave	6 05
1 MIXED DAILY				6 PASS. DAILY	
A. M.	P. M.	Leave	Altapass	Arrive	P. M.
6 15	2 23	"	Marion	"	8 05
f 7 49	3 31	"	Bostic Yard	"	6 45
9 07	f 4 25	"	Forest City	"	5 43
9 17	4 34	"	Cheesee	S. C.	5 29
9 55	5 02	Arrive	Spartanburg	Leave	5 02
10 45	5 40				4 25
					12 10